Investor Conference 2022



科妍生物科技股份有限公司 SciVision Biotech Inc.

Dr. Chun Chang Chen

Disclaimer

This slide contains our business prospect, financial condition and sales prognosis which are derived from our existing internal/external data analysis. The actual result of operations may differ from the expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements due to various reasons, including but not limited to price fluctuation, competition, global economic condition, exchange rate fluctuation, market demand or other risks that beyond our control.

The forward-looking statements in this release reflect the current belief of SciVision at this point and SciVision undertakes no obligation to update these statements with new information or future events.



1. Company & Product & Technology Overview

2. Business Operation

About SciVision Biotech Inc.





- Established in 2001
- Listed on TSE in 2013 (Code: 1786)
- Professional high-class, pharmaceutical-grade Hyaluronic Acid medical device production
- Two factories are located at No. 1, S. 1st Rd., and No. 9, S. 6th Rd., Qianzhen Dist., Kaohsiung City, Taiwan
- Received certificates of QMS and ISO 13485 and complied with the regulations of the US FDA PIC/s GMP, etc.



Core Technologies

(Crosslinked Hyaluronic Acid Platform, CHAP ®)



Intellectual Property Protection of CHAP

| | | 009371402B2 | 發明專利說明書 | 公告本 | ロ形日本期時時77(2P) ロジ特 許 公 報(32) ロバド市市中 特許第55400335 (6)現行日 平成25年11月13日(2013.11.13) ロジカガ116日 この11.8.16 001m.cl. F1 |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| <form></form> | (12) United States Patent (10) Patent No. Chen et al. (45) Date of Pa | : US 9,371,402 B2 tent: Jun. 21, 2016 | (本說明書格式、順序及粗體字,請勿任意更動、照記員 ※ 申請案號: 9713652① | 成部分請約填寫) (10873/11 10000 000 | COBB 37/08 (2008.01) COSB 37/08 Z |
| 增極的溶液进行文化反应超过4% 标本时本发明 ling agent to form a cross-finked hyaluronic acid, wherein the polymer is selected from the group consisting of hy- | (a) MULLINNIK ACID (b) MULLINNIK ACID (c) MULLINNIK ACID<th>Clin Const. and Lin Thomps. 10(1) Clin Const. and Lin Thomps. 10(1) Const. And Lin</th><th> ※申請書題: 91130520 ※申請書期: 97.09.23 ※IPC 分類:C0 、發明名稱:(中文/英文) 文聯透明質磁之製造方法 METHOD FOR PRODUCING CROSS-LINKED HY 二、申 請 人:(共1人) 处名或名稱:(中文/英文) 科妍生物科技股份有限公司 SCIVISION BIOTECH INC. 代表人:(中文/英文) 韓胡程 HAN, KAI-CHENG 住居所或營業所地址:(中文/英文) 高雄市806前鎮區高雄加工出口區南六路9號 9, SOUTH 6TH RD, K.E.P.Z., TAIWAN, R.O.C. 國 籍:(中文/英文) 中華民國 R.O.C. </th><th>C08 3/3/42 (2006.01) BBB C08 L 5/48 (2006.01) ALURONIC ACID (19) Image: Contracting States: C08 L 5/48 (2006.01) (11) (12) EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION (43) Date of publication: 06.10.2010 Builetin 201040 (21) Application number: 09004561.8 (22) Date of Hing: 30.03.2009 (84) Designated Contracting States: AT EE BC CH CY CZ DE KE EES FI FI GB CR H HU IE IST LI LT UL VM CM KM TNL NO PL PF RO SS ES ISK TR Dasignated Extension States: AL BA RS C(71) Applicant: Scivision Blotech Inc. Kaohslung Export Processing Zone Clanzhen D Kaohslung (TW) (54) Method for producing cross-linked hyaluronic add dynaluronic no 1010.30 °C research trime grash acted to min By organ consisting or the methyd not require purification with a cores-finked hyaluronic add dynaluronic add dyn</th><th><page-header></page-header></th> | Clin Const. and Lin Thomps. 10(1) Clin Const. and Lin Thomps. 10(1) Const. And Lin | ※申請書題: 91130520 ※申請書期: 97.09.23 ※IPC 分類:C0 、發明名稱:(中文/英文) 文聯透明質磁之製造方法 METHOD FOR PRODUCING CROSS-LINKED HY 二、申 請 人:(共1人) 处名或名稱:(中文/英文) 科妍生物科技股份有限公司 SCIVISION BIOTECH INC. 代表人:(中文/英文) 韓胡程 HAN, KAI-CHENG 住居所或營業所地址:(中文/英文) 高雄市806前鎮區高雄加工出口區南六路9號 9, SOUTH 6TH RD, K.E.P.Z., TAIWAN, R.O.C. 國 籍:(中文/英文) 中華民國 R.O.C. | C08 3/3/42 (2006.01) BBB C08 L 5/48 (2006.01) ALURONIC ACID (19) Image: Contracting States: C08 L 5/48 (2006.01) (11) (12) EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION (43) Date of publication: 06.10.2010 Builetin 201040 (21) Application number: 09004561.8 (22) Date of Hing: 30.03.2009 (84) Designated Contracting States: AT EE BC CH CY CZ DE KE EES FI FI GB CR H HU IE IST LI LT UL VM CM KM TNL NO PL PF RO SS ES ISK TR Dasignated Extension States: AL BA RS C(71) Applicant: Scivision Blotech Inc. Kaohslung Export Processing Zone Clanzhen D Kaohslung (TW) (54) Method for producing cross-linked hyaluronic add dynaluronic no 1010.30 °C research trime grash acted to min By organ consisting or the methyd not require purification with a cores-finked hyaluronic add dynaluronic add dyn | <page-header></page-header> |

Core Products of SciVision



Market research on global market value and growth rate

| Applied field | Items | Global market value in 2021 | CAGR |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|
| Facial Aesthetics | Dermal Filler | 2.0 billion | 9.0 % |
| Geriatrics Care | Synovial Fluid Supplement | 2.4 billion | 6.1 % |
| Surgery | Absorbable Adhesion Barrier | 3.6 billion | 8.9 % |
| Urinary | Intravesical Instillation | 1.4 billion | 5.4 % |

- 1. Facial Aesthetics (Botulinum Toxin, Dermal Fillers), GlobalData
- 2. Hyaluronic Acid Viscosupplementation | Medtech 360 | Market Analysis | Global | DRG
- 3. ANTI-ADHESION PRODUCTS 2012, Global Industry Analysts, Inc.
- 4. Global Interstitial Cystitis Drugs Market Size By Type (Oral Therapy, and Intravesical Therapy). Verifiedmarketresearch

Classification of HA Dermal Filler

Gel type vs Particle type

Based on the gel type, HA facial dermal implant can be divided into monophasic type and biphasic type. The leading brand for each type is Juvederm from Allergan and Restylane from Galderma respectively.





monophasic(Gel type) Allergan Juvederm biphasic(Particle type) Galderma Restylane

HA Dermal Filler

Monophasic Fillers (Gel type)



Product advantages

- High safety performance
- Smooth and natural
- Easy operation

Biphasic Fillers (Particle type)



Product advantages

- High safety performance
- ✓ Strong structural support
- ✓ Shift resistance
- Excellent viscoelasticity
- ✓ Sufficient active ingredients
- Good resistance to degradation

Benchmark Comparison



The texture of gel of ANiMERS is as smooth as that of Juvederm

Biphasic HA Fillers of SciVision are very supportive



Clinical Trials and Publications

- 1. A Guide to Cheek Augmentation: Single-Point Deep Injection of Hyaluronic Acid Filler at Midface in Close Proximity to Medial Suborbicularis Oculi Fat (SOOF) Area. Journal of Cosmetics, Dermatological Sciences and Applications. 2016 Jan 06(01):1-8.
- 2. Use of High-Resolution Ultrasound (HRU) in the Assessment of Deep Injections of CHAP-Hyaluronic Acid (CHAP-HA) Fillers for Midface Lift. Journal of Cosmetics, Dermatological Sciences and Applications. 2018 Jan 08(03):126-132.
- 3. Dual-Plane Injection Technique With Microscale Tumescent Solution for Asian Rhinoplasty. Dermatol Surg. 2021 Jul 1;47(7):1015-1016.
- 4. CHAP-hyaluronic acid (CHAP-HA) filler as an optimal candidate for forehead filler augmentation using a 3-point injection technique. Journal of Cosmetics, Dermatological Sciences and Applications. 2021 Jan 11(02):76-83.

Product injected around the eye was safe and effective, with high usage satisfaction



Figure 5. Before (upper) and immediately after (lower) single point deep injection of HA filler (1ml on each side) for cheek augmentation using 27 G sharp needle. Satisfactory results were noted with minimal bruising. Left: Case 2, Right Case 7.

Product has good tissue compatibility

Develop injection guidelines for high-risk areas Guidelines for forehead augmentation



Figure 5. High-resolution ultrasound imaging immediately after IAA injection (a. d. g.), at 2-Week (d, e, h, k) and 4-week (c, f, i, i) follow up. Hydration of the HA would occur (arrows), and the ha would appear to be more heterogenous and hyperechoic (arrowheads) and may became completely unidentifiable with the surrounding tissues in the 4th week follow up (i.)







Future research and development direction

Collagen Stimulator



Absorbable polymeric materials such as **polymethyl methacrylate**, **short peptides**, **calcium hydroxyapatite**, **polylactic acid**, or **polycaprolactone** induce fibroblasts to synthesize collagen.

Implants of the polymeric materials will be developed in the future to expand the indications for stimulating collagen proliferation.



II. Synovial Fluid Supplement



1 injection for 12 months



1 injection for 6 months Anti-free Radical Protection Type



3 injection for 6 months

VELOCKNEE Synovial Fluid Supplement Synovial Fluid Supplement Surge Gale & Synovial Biological Synovial Tinjection for 6 months

Anti-free Radical Protection Type

JETKNEE Synovial Fluid Supplement



Product advantages

- ✓ 1 injection for 6 months
- ✓ Anti-free Radical Protection Type
- ✓ Free of animal origin
- ✓ Easy to operate



節膝關節腔注射劑 JETKNEE

Synovial Fluid Supplement Sterile Sodium Hyaluronate Solution

Degradation Test with ROS (H₂O₂)



JETKNEE, containing 2% HA with addition of Mannitol prolongs the protective effect of HA in the joints by removing free radicals.



Synovial Fluid Supplement

| Product category | Treatment description | Global CAGR of treatments | Products |
|---|--|---------------------------------|--|
| 1-injection regimen (Long- acting) | Effect could be lasted for more than half a year with administrating 1 syringe. | 10.2% | VEX.NUME Image: Constrained and the second and the |
| 3-injection regimen | Effect could be lasted for half a year with administrating 3 syringes continuously , 1 syringe per week. | 5.9% | HYR JOINT HYR JOHN HYR HYR HYR HYR HYR HYR HYR HYR HYR HYR |
| 5-injection regimen | Effect could be lasted for half a year with administrating 5 syringes continuously, 1 syringe per week. | 5.5% | |

Source: Hyaluronic Acid Viscosupplementation | Medtech 360 | Market Analysis | Global | 2019 , DRG

Clinical Trials and Publications

- 1. The effect of three weekly intra-articular injections of hyaluronate on pain, function, and balance in patients with unilateral ankle arthritis. J Bone Joint Surg Am. 2011 Sep 21;93(18):1720-6.
- 2. Changes of synovial fluid protein concentrations in supra-patellar bursitis patients after the injection of different molecular weights of hyaluronic acid. Exp Gerontol. 2014 Apr;52:30-5.
- 3. Comparison of Single Intra-Articular Injection of Novel Hyaluronan (HYA-JOINT Plus) with Synvisc-One for Knee Osteoarthritis: A Randomized, Controlled, Double-Blind Trial of Efficacy and Safety. J Bone Joint Surg Am. 2017 Mar 15;99(6):462-471.
- 4. Origin and Efficacy of Hyaluronan Injections in Knee Osteoarthritis: Randomized, Double-Blind Trial. Med Sci Monit. 2018 Jul 9;24:4728-4737.
- 5. Improvement of self-reported functional scores and thickening of quadriceps and femoral intercondylar cartilage under ultrasonography after single intra-articular injection of a novel cross-linked hyaluronic acid in the treatment of knee osteoarthritis. J Back Musculoskelet Rehabil. 2018;31(4):709-718.
- 6. Safety and efficacy of single CHAP Hyaluronan injection versus three injections of linear Hyaluronan in pain relief for knee osteoarthritis: a prospective, 52-week follow-up, randomized, evaluator-blinded study. BMC Musculoskelet Disord. 2021 Jun 23;22(1):572.
- 7. Comparing efficacy of intraarticular single crosslinked Hyaluronan (HYAJOINT Plus) and platelet-rich plasma (PRP) versus PRP alone for treating knee osteoarthritis. Sci Rep. 2021 Jan 8;11(1):140.
- 8. Efficacy of Intra-Articular Injection of Biofermentation-Derived High-Molecular Hyaluronic Acid in Knee Osteoarthritis: An Ultrasonographic Study. Cartilage. 2022 Jan-Mar;13(1):19476035221077404.
- 9. Single Injection of Cross-Linked Hyaluronate in Knee Osteoarthritis: A 52-Week Double-Blind Randomized Controlled Trial. Pharmaceutics. 2022 Aug 25;14(9):1783.





The thickness of the quadriceps and cartilage improved significantly at 3 and 6 months after surgery.



The effect can be maintained for more than one year, with high satisfaction.

| Time | CHAP-HA (N = 71) | Linear-HA (N = 69) | P value |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| 4th week | 66.4 ± 22.4 | 68.4 ± 24.7 | 0.622 |
| 12th week | 73.2 ± 23.4 | 71.1 ± 25.2 | 0.601 |
| 26th week | 73.4 ± 22.7 | 63.5 ± 26.5 | < 0.018 |
| 39th week | 72.3 ± 22.4 | 52.1 ± 23.2 | < 0.001 |
| 52th week | 61.7 ± 22.0 | 37.5 ± 23.1 | < 0.001 |

 \pm indicates a significant difference between groups (P < 0.05)

III. Absorbable Adhesion Barrier



Injured organ or tissue

The fibrin acts like a glue to seal the injury

Inflammation





Adhesion

formation

Gynecologic surgery

Tendon, peripheral nerve, joint surgery

III. Absorbable Adhesion Barrier

For gynecological pelvic surgery



Product advantages

- ✓ High Biocompatibility
- Easy to apply
- ✓ Shift resistance

For ligament, peripheral nerve, joint surgery



Product advantages

- ✓ High Biocompatibility
- Easy to apply
- ✓ Shift resistance
- Long effective protection time

Clinical Trials and Publications

- 1. A resorbable hyaluronic acid hydrogel to prevent adhesion in porcine model under laparotomy pelvic surgery. J Appl Biomater Funct Mater. Jan-Dec 2021;19.
- 2. Crosslinked Hyaluronic Acid Gels for the Prevention of Intrauterine Adhesions after a Hysteroscopic Myomectomy in Women with Submucosal Myomas: A Prospective, Randomized, Controlled Trial. Life. 2020 May 15;10(5):67.
- 3. Efficacy of Applying Hyaluronic Acid Gels in the Primary Prevention of Intrauterine Adhesion after Hysteroscopic Myomectomy: A Meta-Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials. Life. 2020 Nov 15;10(11):285.

Product could effectively avoid or slow down the occurrence of postoperative adhesions.



Product could effectively avoid or slow down the occurrence of postoperative adhesions and was significantly better than competing products.

| | CHA-P Gel (n = 24) | CHA Gel (n = 23) | No (n = 23) | <i>p</i> -Value |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Intrauterine Adhesion | | | | |
| No | 22 (91.7%) ^a | 19 (82.6%) ^a | 14 (60.9%) | 0.031 |
| Yes | 2 (8.3%) ^a | 4 (17.4%) ^a | 9 (39.1%) | |
| Modified AFS Stage | | | | |
| 0 | 22 (91.7%) ^b | 19 (82.6%) ^b | 14 (60.9%) | |
| I (mild) | 2 (8.3%) ^b | 3 (13.0%) ^b | 1 (4.3%) | 0.014 |
| II (moderate) | 0 ^b | 1 (4.3%) ^b | 4 (17.4%) | |
| III (severe) | 0 ^b | 0 ^b | 4 (17.4%) | |

The data are presented as number (percentage). CHA-P (PROTAHERE absorbable adhesion barrier[®], SciVision Biotech Inc., Kaohsiung, Taiwan); CHA gel (Hyalobarrier[®] gel, Baxter, Pisa, Italy). No: no anti-adhesive agent gel treatment. AFS: American Fertility Society. ^a and ^b: The comparison between the CHA-P gel and CHA gel (^a: *p*-value = 0.352, ^b: *p*-value = 0.497).

IV. Intravesical Instillation

HYAURO® Intravesical Instillation





HYAURO Intravesical Instillation

Product Specification

PACKAGE : 50 mL per vial ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Sodium Hyaluronate 40mg

DESCRIPTION

HYAORO® Intravesical Instillation For temporary replacement of the GAG layer in the bladder 50 mL x 1 vial

The glycosaminoglycan (GAG) layer on the luminal surface of the bladder wall is the primary defense mechanism which can provide a protective barrier to against microorganisms, carcinogens, crystals and other agents present in the urine. HYAURO Intravesical Instillation has been developed to temporarily replenish the deficient GAG layer on the bladder epithelium.

INDICATION

The product is indicated for cystitis-associated GAG layer deficiency such as interstitial cystitis and cystitis caused by infection, trauma, urinary stones, urine retention, tumors and radiation.

Core Products of SciVision



Outline

1. Company & Product & Technology Overview

2. Business Operation

Profit & Loss-Consolidated

Profit & Loss-Consolidated

| Unit:NT thousand dollars | 2022/1/1~2022/9/30 | 2021/1/1~2021/9/30 | Annual |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| (except for EPS) | (Reviewed) | (Reviewed) | growth rate |
| Revenue | 397, 481 100% | 365, 302 100% | <mark>8.8%</mark> |
| Cost of Goods Sold | (139, 396) -35% | (119, 614) -33% | 16.5% |
| Gross Profit | 258,085 65% | 245,688 67% | <mark>5.0%</mark> |
| Operating Expense | (166, 604) -42% | (155, 613) -42% | 7.1% |
| Operating Income | 91, 481 23% | 90,075 25% | 1.6% |
| Non-operating Income,Net | 45, 583 11% | (5,754) -2% | <mark>-892.2%</mark> |
| Income before Tax | 137,064 $34%$ | 84, 321 23% | 62 . 6% |
| Net Income | 112, 169 28% | 76, 354 21% | 46.9% |
| | | | |
| EPS(NT\$) | 1.69 | 1.15 | |

Domestic and International Sales Ratio

2022 Jan.~Sep. & 2021 Jan.~Sep.



Product Portfolio Sales Ratio





Balance Sheet-Consolidated

Balance Sheet-Consolidated

| Unit:NT thousand dollars | 2022/9/30 (Reviewed) | | 2021/9/30 (Reviewed) | |
|--|-------------------------|------|-------------------------|------|
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 837, 869 | 35% | 685, 416 | 30% |
| Accounts Receivable | 63, 018 | 3% | 62, 265 | 3% |
| Inventories | 97, 509 | 4% | 67, 591 | 3% |
| Current Financial Assets at Fair Value | | | | |
| through Profit or Loss | 58, 843 | 2% | - | 0% |
| Amortized Cost Financial Assets | - | 0% | 36, 593 | 2% |
| Property, Plant & Equipment | 1, 171, 064 | 50% | 1,270,135 | 56% |
| Other Current/Non-Current Assets | 140, 207 | 6% | 161, 645 | 6% |
| Total Assets | 2, 368, 510 | 100% | 2,283,645 | 100% |
| Current Liabilities | 121,013 | 5% | 463, 397 | 20% |
| Long-Term & Other Liabilities | 779, 241 | 33% | 398, 287 | 18% |
| Total Liabilities | 900, 254 | 38% | 861,684 | 38% |
| Total Shareholders' Equities | 1, 468, 256 | 62% | 1, 421, 961 | 62% |
| Key Indices | | | | |
| A/R Turnover (Days) | 48.69 | | 48.77 | |
| Inventory Turnover (Days) | 177.15 | | 129.87 | |
| Current Ratio(x) | 895.15% | | 191.22% | |
| Net Profit Margin(%) | 28.22% | | 20.90% | |

Cash Flows-Consolidated

Cash Flows-Consolidated

| Unit. NT thousand dollars | 2022/1/1~2022/9/30 | 2021/1/1~2021/9/30 | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| | (Reviewed) | (Reviewed) | |
| From Operating Activities | 141, 535 | 82, 218 | |
| Profit before tax | 137, 064 | 84, 321 | |
| Depreciation & Amortisation | 46, 050 | 36,015 | |
| Net change in working capital | (41, 579) | (38, 118) | |
| From Investing Activities | 36, 833 | (93, 173) | |
| amortised cost | 44, 316 | (20, 848) | |
| through Profit or Loss | (58, 137) | 0 | |
| Capital expenditure | (5, 822) | (20, 988) | |
| Net change in Investing item | 56,476 | (51, 337) | |
| From Financing Activities | 584 | 299, 007 | |
| Short-term loans | (304, 523) | 0 | |
| Long-term loans | 0 | 300, 000 | |
| Net change in Fincncing item | 305, 107 | (993) | |
| Net Change in Cash | 178, 952 | 288, 052 | |
| Beginning Balance | 658, 917 | 397, 364 | |
| Ending Balance | 837, 869 | 685, 416 | |
| Free Cash Flow | 135, 713 | 61, 230 | |

HEALTHY CASHFLOW AND EXPANDING PROFIT



Revenue

Net Profit



Gross and Operating Margin



Cash Generated From Operations Before Interest And Taxes



Our Vision



Science Creates Better Visions

